## § 405.2402

Nurse practitioner and physician assistant means individuals who meet the applicable education, training experience and other requirements of § 491.2 of this chapter.

Part-time nursing care means nursing care that is required on less than a full-time basis, that is, less than 8 hours a day or 40 hours a week.

Physician means the following:

- (1) A doctor of medicine or osteopathy legally authorized to practice medicine and surgery by the State in which the function is performed.
- (2) Within limitations as to the specific services furnished, a doctor of dentistry or dental or oral surgery, a doctor of optometry, a doctor of podiatry or surgical chiropody or a chiropractor. (See section 1861(r) of the Act for specific limitations.)
- (3) A resident (including residents as defined in §415.152 of this chapter who meet the requirements in §415.206(b) of this chapter for payment under the physician fee schedule).

Reporting period means a period of 12 consecutive months specified by the intermediary as the period for which a clinic or center must report its costs and utilization. The first and last reporting periods may be less than 12 months.

Rural health clinic means a facility that:

- (1) Has been determined by the Secretary to meet the requirements of section 1861(aa)(2) of the Act and part 491 of this chapter; and
- (2) Has filed an agreement with the Secretary in order to provide rural health clinic services under Medicare. (See § 405.2402.)

Secretary means the Secretary of Health and Human Services or his delegate.

Visiting nurse services means parttime or intermittent nursing care and related medical supplies (other than drugs or biologicals) furnished by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse to a homebound patient.

(Secs. 1102, 1833, 1861(aa), 1871, 1902(a)(13), Social Security Act; 49 Stat. 647, 79 Stat. 302, 322, and 331, 91 Stat. 1485 (42 U.S.C. 1302, 1395*l*, 1395hh, 1395x(aa), and 1396(a)(13))

[43 FR 8261, Mar. 1, 1978, as amended at 43 FR 30526, July 14, 1978; 47 FR 21049, May 17, 1982; 47 FR 23448, May 28, 1982; 51 FR 41351, Nov. 14, 1986; 57 FR 24975, June 12, 1992; 59 FR 26958, May 25, 1994; 60 FR 63176, Dec. 8, 1995; 61 FR 14657, Apr. 3, 1996; 69 FR 74815, Dec. 24, 2003; 71 FR 55345, Sept. 22, 2006]

## § 405.2402 Basic requirements.

- (a) Certification by the State survey agency. The rural health clinic must be certified in accordance with part 491 of this chapter.
- (b) Acceptance of the clinic as qualified to furnish rural health clinic services. If the Secretary, after reviewing the survey agency recommendation and other evidence relating to the qualifications of the rural health clinic, determines that it meets the requirements of this subpart and of part 491 of this chapter, he will send the clinic:
- (1) Written notice of the determination: and
- (2) Two copies of the agreement to be filed as required by section 1861(aa)(1) of the Act.
- (c) Filing of agreement by the rural health clinic. If the rural health clinic wishes to participate in the program, it
- (1) Have both copies of the agreement signed by an authorized representative; and
- (2) File them with the Secretary.
- (d) Acceptance by the Secretary. If the Secretary accepts the agreement filed by the rural health clinic, he will return to the clinic one copy of the agreement, with a notice of acceptance specifying the effective date.
- (e) Duration of agreement. The agreement shall be for a term of one year and may be renewed annually by mutual consent of the Secretary and the rural health clinic.

(f) Appeal rights. If the Secretary does not certify a rural health clinic, or refuses to enter into or renew an agreement, the facility is entitled to a hearing in accordance with part 498 of this chapter.

[43 FR 8261, Mar. 1, 1978, as amended at 52 FR 22454, June 12, 1987]

## § 405.2403 Content and terms of the agreement with the Secretary.

- (a) Under the agreement, the rural health clinic agrees to the following:
- (1) Maintaining compliance with conditions. The clinic agrees to maintain compliance with the conditions set forth in part 491 of this chapter and to report promptly to CMS any failure to do so.
- (2) Charges to beneficiaries. The clinic agrees not to charge the beneficiary or any other person for items and services for which the beneficiary is entitled to have payment made under the provisions of this part (or for which the beneficiary would have been entitled if the rural health clinic had filed a request for payment in accordance with §410.165 of this chapter), except for any deductible or coinsurance amounts for which the beneficiary is liable under §405.2410.
- (3) Refunds to beneficiaries. (i) The clinic agrees to refund as promptly as possible any money incorrectly collected from beneficiaries or from someone on their behalf.
- (ii) As used in this section, money incorrectly collected means sums collected in excess of the amount for which the beneficiary was liable under §405.2410. It includes amounts collected at a time when the beneficiary was believed not to be entitled to Medicare benefits but:
- (A) The beneficiary is later determined to have been entitled to Medicare benefits; and
- (B) The beneficiary's entitlement period falls within the time the rural health clinic's agreement with the Secretary is in effect.
- (4) Beneficiary treatment. (i) The clinic agrees to accept beneficiaries for care and treatment; and
- (ii) The clinic agrees not to impose any limitations on the acceptance of beneficiaries for care and treatment that it does not impose on all other persons.

(b) Additional provisions. The agreement may contain any additional provisions that the Secretary finds necessary or desirable for the efficient and effective administration of the Medicare program.

[43 FR 8261, Mar. 1, 1978, as amended at 51 FR 41351, Nov. 14, 1986]

## § 405.2404 Terminations of agreements.

- (a) Termination by rural health clinic—(1) Notice to Secretary. If the clinic wishes to terminate its agreement it shall file with the Secretary a written notice stating the intended effective date of termination.
- (2) Action by the Secretary. (i) The Secretary may approve the date proposed by the clinic, or set a different date no later than 6 months after the date of the clinic's notice.
- (ii) The Secretary may approve a date which is less than 6 months after the date of notice if he determines that termination on that date would not:
- (A) Unduly disrupt the furnishing of services to the community serviced by the clinic; or
- (B) Otherwise interfere with the effective and efficient administration of the Medicare program.
- (3) Cessation of business. If a clinic ceases to furnish services to the community, that shall be deemed to be a voluntary termination of the agreement by the clinic, effective on the last day of business.
- (b) Termination by the Secretary—(1) Cause for termination. The Secretary may terminate an agreement if he determines that the rural health clinic:
- (i) No longer meets the conditions for certification under part 491 of this chapter; or
- (ii) Is not in substantial compliance with the provisions of the agreement, the requirements of this subpart, any other applicable regulations of this part, or any applicable provisions of title XVIII of the Act; or
- (iii) Has undergone a change of ownership.
- (2) Notice of termination. The Secretary will give notice of termination to the rural health clinic at least 15 days before the effective date stated in the notice.